A FRESH START & STORMONT HOUSE AGREEMENTS:

SIX MONTHLY UPDATE

14 JANUARY 2016

This paper highlights some of the progress made to implement the Fresh Start and Stormont House Agreements and takes a forward look at commitments over the next six months. A six-monthly progress report is annexed, in line with the reporting arrangements established under the Stormont House Agreement.

Key Achievements

- The 2016-17 Budget was agreed by the Executive on 17 December 2015. Subject to the final agreement of the NI budget proposals the UK Government will agree to the release of support and flexibility measures outlined in the Agreements.
- Following Assembly approval the Welfare Reform Bill received Royal Assent on 25 November 2015.
- 3. Nearly £200million was released to enable the 2015-16 public sector **Voluntary Exit Scheme** to proceed. The scheme has been implemented generating annual savings of approximately £160million.
- 4. A Bill to change the number of Departments from 12 to 9 was introduced to the Assembly and has completed its second reading. The Bill fulfils a commitment to reduce the number of departments in time for the next Assembly election in May 2016. A Bill to reduce the number of MLAs was also introduced on 12 January.
- 5. In December 2015 new measures were agreed to enhance law enforcement co-operation aimed at tackling organised crime and criminality including that linked to paramilitarism. Essential to this, a Joint Agency Task Force, complete with membership, priorities and goals, was established.
- 6. A three person panel was appointed by the Executive with the task of reporting with recommendations for a strategy to disband paramilitary groups by the end of May 2016. The panel held its first meeting before Christmas.
- 7. The Irish Government's contribution of €2.5 million to the North West Development Fund has been disbursed.

Looking forward

- 8. It is planned to have the **Commission on Flags, Identity, Culture and Tradition** in place by March 2016.
- 9. The UK and Irish Governments will continue to work with the parties, the Executive and victims' groups on how the **outstanding issues relating to the past** are resolved.
- 10. The **3-person panel** is expected to report before the end of May 2016.
- 11. The Executive is committed to publishing an **action plan** before the end of June including a range of measures to tackle paramilitarism, criminality and organised crime together with timescales for implementation.
- 12. Reports on progress on the infrastructure projects being taken forward by the Irish Government and the Executive in the context of the Irish Government's financial support commitments will be provided to the North South Ministerial Council in June 2016.

Comm	itment	Progress Report/Milestones Achieved
Α	ENDING PARAMILITARISM AND TACKLING ORGANISE	
	nent of Principles	
A2.6.	These commitments [para 2.5] shall also be added to the Pledge of Office as a requirement of a person taking Ministerial office through an amendment of the Northern Ireland Act 1998.	A draft clause has been developed for insertion into appropriate UK legislation.
A2.7	They will also form the basis of a new undertaking, in Assembly standing orders, for each Member of the Legislative Assembly analogous to the previous obligations on those in local government.	Work is ongoing to prepare for the creation of a new undertaking for MLAs, including the appropriate mechanisms for providing this.
Tacklir	ng Paramilitarism, Criminality and Organised Crime	
A3.1, A3.2, A3.3	A tri-lateral cross-border Ministerial meeting will take place in December 2015, involving the UK Government, the Irish Government and the NI Executive. It will agree new measures to enhance law enforcement co-operation aimed at tackling organised crime and criminality, including that linked to paramilitarism. In a concerted and enhanced effort to tackle cross-jurisdictional organised crime and to bring to justice those involved in it, a Joint Agency Task Force will be established under this Agreement. The Task Force will be led by senior officers from the PSNI, An Garda Síochána, the Revenue Commissioners and HM Revenue and Customs. The Task Force will report on its work in accordance with the statutory arrangements in place for the law enforcement agencies. The Task Force will include: a Strategic Oversight Group (comprised of representatives from the relevant law enforcement agencies at senior management level) that will identify strategic priorities for combating cross-jurisdictional organised crime. The Oversight Group will provide a report on the work of the Task Force to the six-monthly Ministerial meetings under the	COMPLETED: The Secretary of State, Irish Minister for Foreign Affairs, Irish Minister for Justice and Equality, First Minister, deputy First Minister and Justice Minister attended the tri-lateral cross-jurisdictional meeting on 21 December at which details of the Joint Agency Task Force was announced.
	 Intergovernmental Agreement on cooperation on criminal justice matters; and an Operations Co-ordination Group (comprised of senior operational management personnel from the relevant law enforcement agencies) that will co-ordinate joint operations and direct relevant resources in that context. The tri-lateral Ministerial meeting in December will set out further details, including membership, priorities and agreed goals of the Task Force. 	

A3.6 & A3.7	The Executive will implement additional measures aimed at tackling the impact of criminality and paramilitarism in Northern Ireland, to include: Criminal Justice Further measures to speed up criminal justice and support victims to give evidence. Measures to improve forensic capabilities to enable evidence to be secured more effectively.	Additional criminal justice measures are being drawn up and are on track for implementation to begin by autumn 2016. A Business Case is to be prepared on measures to improve forensic capability.
A3.8	Proceeds of Crime	This is on track to have the appropriate support in
713.0	Support for agencies to enhance specialist capabilities, such as forensic accounting.	place by the end of 2016.
A3.9	 Community Engagement and Prevention Cross-departmental programme to prevent vulnerable young people being drawn into paramilitary activity. Development of a programme to increase the participation and influence of women in community development. Additional programmes aimed at reducing reoffending. Rigorous enforcement of rules that prevent funding from being misused. 	Work is expected to commence in January to develop proposals for Executive consideration on the approach to a cross-departmental programme. A review of arrangements for supporting the voluntary and community sector is currently underway including arrangements for supporting the increased participation and influence of women in community development. Formal consultation is planned for early 2016. The scale and reach of any programme will be impacted by the availability of resources. Preparatory work on programmes aimed at reducing re-offending is underway. A review of the role and operation of the Public Sector Group is nearing completion. The rigorous enforcement of rules that prevent funding being misused is to be included as a standing item for future meetings of the Public Sector Group.
A3.10	Support for Transition Initiatives to help moves away from paramilitary structures and activity. The reintegration of people previously involved in the Troubles taking into account the report of the Review Panel on employers' guidance on recruiting.	Initiatives to help moves away from paramilitarism will be dependent on the recommendations of the 3 person panel. The Review Panel is in the process of completing its second report.
	A Strategy Tackling Paramilitarism, Criminality and O	rganised Crime
A4.1	A three person panel will be appointed by the Executive by the end of December with the task of bringing back to the Executive for agreement and action a report before the end of May 2016 with recommendations for a strategy to disband paramilitary groups.	The three person panel comprising Lord Alderdice, Mr John McBurney and Professor Monica McWilliams was appointed by the Executive at its meeting on 17 December 2015 and met for the first time before Christmas.

A4.2	The Executive shall:	Preliminary scoping work is underway on the research,
74.2	carry out research into the social costs and	public awareness campaign and linkages to wider
		work programmes aimed at reducing community
	implications of paramilitarism and further steps	division and causes of sectarianism and racism.
	that the Executive can take to promote a more	division and causes of sectarianism and racism.
	integrated cohesive and lawful society;	
	 undertake a public awareness campaign to raise 	
	public understanding of the harm done by	
	paramilitarism and organised crime and the	
	steps that everyone can take to contribute to the	
	prevention of crime and progress towards the	
	end of paramilitarism in Northern Ireland; and	
	 report on how efforts to tackle paramilitarism 	
	will be linked to wider cross-departmental and	
	statutory agency work programmes aimed at	
	reducing community division and the causes of	
	sectarianism and racism in NI.	
A4.3	Before the end of June 2016, the Executive will	An action plan is expected by end of June 2016.
714.5	publish an action plan including all of the above	741 decion plan is expected by the or same 2010.
	measures, together with timescales for	
	implementation.	
A5.1	A four member international body including persons	The UK Government and the Irish Governments are
A3.1	of international standing will be established by the	working together on the preparation of the
	UK and Irish Governments. The UK Government	International Treaty required to provide for this new
	and the Irish Government will nominate one	
		body.
	member each and the Executive shall nominate two	The LIV Community is a second in a sleep of the invention
	members. The body will:	The UK Government is preparing clauses for insertion
	report annually on progress towards ending	into appropriate legislation.
	continuing paramilitary activity connected with	
	NI (or on such further occasions as required);	
	report on the implementation of the relevant	
	measures of the three administrations; and	
	consult the UK Government and relevant law	
	enforcement agencies, the Irish Government and	
	relevant law enforcement agencies and, in	
	Northern Ireland, the Executive, PSNI, statutory	
	agencies, local councils, communities and civic	
	society organisations.	
A5.2	The reports of the body will inform future Executive	For future consideration once the body has been
	Programme for Government priorities and	established.
	commitments through to 2021.	
В	NI EXECUTIVE FINANCIAL REFORMS AND CONTEXT	
	Reform And Efficiency	
B1.2	Public Sector Reform and Restructuring	£200m has been released to enable 2015-16 public
	Transformation Fund	sector VES to progress. Tranche 4 offers have been
		made and acceptances finalised. A small fifth tranche
		of offers will issue in February to help address
		rejection rates from earlier tranches and anticipated
1		2016-17 budget pressures. In terms of the overall
1		public sector, there were two tranches of funding in
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		2015-16. Overall it is forecast 4,467 employees will
		exit at a cost of £ 184m but generating annual savings
		of approximately £160m.
		The approach to public sector pay restraint is currently
D4 3	Deve where we had Developed to the	under consideration.
B1.3	Departmental Restructuring	This major programme is well advanced. The
l		legislation is on track. Shared service plans are in place

D1 4	Deform of property management	covering HR Connect, Account NI, IT Assist, accommodation etc. Senior management structures for the nine new Departments have been agreed and senior staff provisionally assigned to posts. Budgets for the nine Departments have been agreed.
B1.4	Reform of property management	Detailed programme has been developed complete with milestones and savings to be achieved. Benefits Realisation plan is to be drafted by end of February 2016.
B1.5	Asset Management Strategy	£25m additional capital generated for 2015-16 contributing to a run rate of c£160m since 2011-12. £22m per annum resource savings achieved between 2011-12 and 2013-14. £50m invested in 2013-14 and 2014-15 in property acquisitions have delivered £5m per annum savings. Proposals for a comprehensive invest to save programme included in 2016-17 budget. Review of operational PFI projects underway to explore savings opportunities. Asset and financial input to Social Housing Reform Programme Outline Business Case complete.
B1.6	Digital Transformation Programme	This is on track to deliver the 16 x 16 programme by the end of 2016 and achieve in excess of 3.5 million online transactions by end March 2016.
B1.7	OECD Review	The Report is being considered by the Finance Minister.
B1.8	Impact of division	Consideration is being given to the Report from NI Centre for Economic Policy.
B1.9 &	Cross-cutting reform in 6 thematic areas. Benchmarking, alternative models of delivery and	The Executive has endorsed the cross-cutting reform programme. Feasibility studies are being developed
B1.10	structural reform in the big spending areas of education, health, and justice are inherent in these themes. It is anticipated that the Executive will shortly endorse the implementation of action plans associated with these proposals.	and these will be followed by action plans, where evidence to proceed and funding is in place. The relevant departments in terms of education, housing and justice are continuing to look at beneficial structural reforms.
B1.11	The Executive is also committed to progressing significant structural reform of social housing provision. This will be focused on reducing the Departmental Expenditure Limit subsidy pressures.	Outline Business Case is being finalised and a brief for a review of non-landlord housing functions is being drawn up with view to work starting in January 2016.
B1.12	Cost Reduction Targets: The Executive will have to set challenging cost reduction targets for each of the nine new departments for each year of the forthcoming Spending Review period.	2016-17 Budget agreed by the Executive on 17 December 2015 and cost reduction targets for 2016/17 were set as part of this process.
B1.14	the Executive will consider revenue raising measures if cost reductions cannot be achieved quickly enough or if there is a decision to maintain enhanced public services.	2016-17 Budget agreed by the Executive on 17 December 2015.
B1.18	In accordance with the requirements of the Stormont House Agreement, the Executive reaffirms its commitment to take all the actions necessary to demonstrate that its finances are on a sustainable footing for the long term including successfully implementing measures in the Stormont House Agreement, this agreement and subsequent reform measures.	2016-17 Budget agreed by the Executive on 17 December 2015. Programme of Public Sector Reform is in place to support these budgetary measures.

B1.19	The NI Executive commits to a commencement date of April 2018, and a Northern Ireland rate of 12.5%. NI EXECUTIVE WELFARE AND TAX CREDIT TOP-UPS	Executive has committed to commencement date of April 2018 and a rate of 12.5%. Preparatory work continues including agreement to a Memorandum of Understanding by DFP and HMRC (December 2015) to take forward necessary administrative arrangements and development of operational systems. Development of a Block Grant adjustment mechanism; putting measures in place to maximise the benefits of a lower Corporation Tax rate; and engagement with the European Commission on the design of the regime are ongoing.
C1.1	The Executive has agreed to allocate a total of £585 million from Executive funds over four years to 'top-up' the UK welfare arrangements in NI with a review in 2018-19. This sum incorporates the present discretionary fund.	Executive agreed welfare reform position in Budget 2016-17 settlement.
C1.2	The Executive will establish a small working group under the leadership of Professor Eileen Evason to bring forward proposals within this financial envelope (including administrative costs) to maximise the use of these additional resources.	The Working Group has been established and terms of reference agreed. It is currently considering proposals.
C1.3	The Executive has agreed to implement the findings of the working group within the financial envelope available.	Awaiting proposals from Working Group.
:	Legislative Process	
C2.1	It is agreed that Legislative Counsel in the NI Assembly will work with Parliamentary Counsel at Westminster to prepare the necessary legislation and Order in Council to effect current welfare changes.	COMPLETED
C2.2	The Welfare Bill will be debated and approved by the Assembly by way of a Legislative Consent Motion no later than the week commencing 23 November 2015. This approval will also cover the draft Order in Council which gives effect in NI to the 2012 welfare changes in GB, the welfare clauses of the Welfare Reform and Work Bill as initially introduced at Westminster and the Executive's proposals to enhance payments flowing from this Agreement.	COMPLETED: Legislative Consent Motion was debated and approved by the Assembly on 18 November 2015.
C2.3	Following Assembly approval, the Bill will be passed at Westminster in order to meet the Executive's timetable.	COMPLETED: The Bill received Royal Assent on 25 November 2015.
C2.4	Any subsequent changes to the welfare elements of the Welfare Reform and Work Bill will be brought to the Assembly for debate and approval.	The Bill is expected to complete Westminster process in March 2016.
C2.5	The welfare and tax credit top-ups will be taken forward by the Assembly Advice Centre Support	Awaiting proposals from Working Group.
C3.1	The Executive, in preparing its budget for next year, will provide additional funding for independent advice services in recognition of the complexity of welfare and tax credit changes.	This is being addressed as part of the 2016-17 Budget process.

D	UK GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL SUPPORT	
	Welfare Reform	
D1.1	In the SHA the UK Government agreed to provide support. This included:	The UK Government has provided support to the Northern Ireland Executive in 2015/16, including:
	 flexibility to use £700m of capital borrowing to fund a voluntary exit scheme over a period of 4 years with £200m in 2015-16, £200m in 2016-17, £200m in 2017-18 and £100m in 2018-19; a contribution of up to £500m over 10 years of new capital funding to support shared and integrated education subject to individual projects being agreed between the Executive and the UK Government; up to an additional £350m borrowing for infrastructure projects with a profile over four years with £100m in 2015-16, £100m in 2016-17, £100m in 2017-18 and £50m in 2018-19; allowing the proceeds of specific agreed asset sales to be retained in their entirety and exceptionally consideration of these funds being used for a combination of both capital and resource spending; flexibility to repay both the £100m loan 	 Access to £200m of capital borrowing to support the voluntary exit scheme; A commitment to refund the proportion of the £114m welfare deductions due after 18 November 2015, across the next two financial years; Permitting a capital to resource switch to facilitate repayment of the loan and welfare deductions from capital budgets; Access to additional capital borrowing to support infrastructure projects. The UK Government's support remains subject to the conditions set out in the financial annex to the Stormont House Agreement, and funding for bodies to deal with the past is subject to agreement on their establishment.
	 flexibility to repay both the £100m loan from the Treasury and £114m welfare deductions from asset sales and capital budgets; if the implementation of welfare reform is completed during 2015-16 (including the relevant secondary legislation) the £114m deduction will be reduced to reflect the proportion of the year prior to implementation of the measures; and 	
	 up to £150m over 5 years to help fund the bodies to deal with the past. This support remains subject to the conditions set out in the financial annex to the SHA, and funding for bodies to deal with the past is subject to agreement on their establishment. 	
D3.2	The Assembly will approve a consent motion no later than next week to enable primary and secondary legislation to make changes to the welfare system to proceed at Westminster.	COMPLETED: Legislative Consent Motion was debated and approved by the Assembly on 18 November 2015.
D3.3	the UK Government will progress legislation which will comprise a Bill in Parliament to allow for changes to the welfare regime in Northern Ireland. A sunset clause will be included in the Bill to bring this arrangement to an end at the end of 2016.	COMPLETED: Bill received Royal Assent on 25 November 2015.

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D3.5	 the UK Government confirms: welfare deductions for 2015-16 will stop following Assembly approval of the consent motion set out above and the UK Government will refund the proportion of deduction due for the remainder of the year, making an equivalent sum available to the NI Executive spread equally over 2016-17 and 2017-18; it will not make any welfare-related Annually Managed Expenditure deductions on the basis of savings anticipated by the 2012 Welfare Reform Act in 2016-17; it will support the proposal put forward to address welfare error and fraud in Northern Ireland, and will provide up to £25m of new ringfenced funding per year for five years to support implementation; and any successful bid for a share of error and fraud savings will need to demonstrate forecast savings that can be verified by the Office for Budget Responsibility, in line with the process for assuring similar forecasts by the Department for Work and Pensions. 	The Legislative Consent Motion was debated and approved by the Assembly on 18 November 2015. The UK Government has stopped welfare deductions for 2015-16 and will refund the proportion of the £114m welfare deductions due after 18 November 2015, across the next two financial years. The UK Government has made available up to £25m of new ring-fenced funding to support proposals put forward to address welfare fraud and error in Northern Ireland. The UK Government will work with the Executive to support proposals.
D3.6	the UK Government has agreed that half of all savings certified by the OBR can be reinvested by the Executive (for example for integrated health, work and wellbeing interventions; employer support to hiring young unemployed and long-term unemployed).	The UK Government will work with the Executive to develop proposals and remains committed to providing half of all savings certified by the OBR. The Department of Finance and Personnel and Department for Social Development are to engage with the UK Government on the approach to the Office of Budget Responsibility.
	Budget Controls	Office of Budget Responsibility.
D4.1	The UK Government welcomes the Executive's plans to establish an Independent Fiscal Council for Northern Ireland. The Council will: • prepare an annual assessment of the Executive's revenue streams and spending proposals and how these allow the Executive to balance their budget; and • prepare a further annual report on the sustainability of the Executive's public finances, including the implications of spending policy and the effectiveness of long-term efficiency measures. The membership and terms of reference of this Council will be agreed with the UK Government.	A paper on proposals for establishing the Council is being prepared for the UK Government and Executive's consideration.
D4.2	The UK Government will legislate, with Assembly consent, to ensure that the Assembly cannot consider spending plans which exceed the Block Grant allocated by the Treasury or the NIE's borrowing limits, where planned spending relies on those funding sources.	Provisions to be inserted in appropriate UK legislation and in place in time for the 2017-18 Budget.

	In-Year Pressures	
D5.1	The UK Government will release those additional in- year budgetary flexibilities as set out in the SHA to support the Executive in ensuring public services continue to be delivered whilst wider reforms are being pursued.	COMPLETED: This was actioned as part of November Monitoring.
D5.2	The Northern Ireland Executive will complete a monitoring round by the end of November 2015, setting out clearly the action being taken to balance its 2015-16 position. Corporation Tax	COMPLETED: Executive agreement was received on 17 November followed by an Assembly statement on 18 November 2015.
D6.2	The UK Government will undertake an ex-post review of the costs of the devolution of Corporation Tax four years after the implementation of a devolved rate by the Executive. This review will consider the extent of behavioural costs (but not second round effects) and will make further adjustments to the Northern Ireland Block Grant as supported by new evidence	Review to commence four years after implementation.
D7 1	SHA Flexibilities and Support	An initial mosting has taken place between the
D7.1	 Subject to: the conditions set out in the SHA financial annex on the need for UK Government agreement where specified for specific projects; and confirmation by the Executive as part of this supplementary agreement that the flexibility and support offered is sufficient to deliver a balanced budget for 2015-16 by the end of November 2015 and the publication of a balanced budget for 2016-17 in the Assembly by the end of January 2016; the UK Government will agree to the release of the support and flexibility outlined in the SHA financial annex as it relates to the 2015-16 and 2016-17 budgets. The detailed plan for incorporating this support into budgets should be agreed with HM Treasury in advance of the publication of the 2016-17 NI Executive budget. 	An initial meeting has taken place between the Department of Finance and Personnel and UK Government officials.
D7.2	 The UK Government will provide a number of further flexibilities: ensuring that the NI Executive can access the full amount of additional borrowing provided by the SHA even if it is able to realise agreed efficiency savings from Voluntary Exit Scheme without switching the full amount of existing borrowing for that purpose; capital funding for shared and integrated education can be used to support shared housing projects, with individual projects to be agreed by the UK Government (expansion of commitment at SHA A7); and any underspend of new legacy funding in 2015-16 may be carried forward to 2020-21 (but funding for bodies to deal with the past is subject to agreement on their establishment). 	Discussions have taken place between the Department of Finance and Personnel and UK Government officials.

	Tackling Continued Paramilitary Activity	
D8.1	The UK Government confirms that it will provide	The first year element has been addressed in the
	additional security funding of £160m over the next	2016-17 Budget. Subsequent years will be considered
	five years to support the PSNI to address the	in the new Executive's 2017 Budget process.
	continuing 'SEVERE' National Security threat, as well	
	as provide greater capability to tackle continued	
	paramilitary activity and criminality.	
D8.2	The UK Government will provide an additional £25m	The 2016-17 Budget confirms that funding will be held
50.2	over five years to tackle continuing paramilitary	centrally until a strategy is agreed.
	activity. The UK Government funding will only be	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	released after the Executive has agreed a strategy to	
	address continuing paramilitary activity.	
D8.3	The NI Executive will match the UK Government's	This has been addressed as part of the 2016-17 Budget
	additional funding to tackle continuing paramilitary	process.
	activity.	
D8.4	The UK Government will ensure in the Spending	COMPLETED: The Spending Review protected police
	Review that UK Government agencies are	spending in real terms. The Strategic Defence and
	appropriately resourced to ensure that the	Security Review included a commitment from the UK
	concerted UK - PSNI policing and criminal justice	Government to maintain its investment in capabilities
	response to paramilitarism and criminal activity is	to keep the people of Northern Ireland safe.
	delivered.	
D8.5	The UK Government recognises the need to ensure	The UK Government will make this funding available as
	progress against any strategy to tackle paramilitary	detailed.
	activity is delivered effectively. It will provide	
	funding of up to £3m over four years to establish and fund the new Monitoring and Implementation	
	body.	
	Shared Future	
D9.1	The UK Government will provide an additional £60m	The UK Government will make this funding available as
	over five years in support of the Executive's delivery	detailed.
	of confidence and relationship building measures	
	within and between communities, contributing to	
	the conditions that will allow the removal of peace	
	walls and the creation of a shared future.	
E	IRISH GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL SUPPORT	
E1.3	The Irish Government reaffirms its support for the	An initial discussion of a core group of officials North
	EU PEACE and INTERREG programmes, which	and South took place on 9 December. A first meeting of Executive/Irish Government officials took place on
	includes substantial funding negotiated during the Irish Presidency of the European Union. It will	13 January 2016. A report will be provided to the June
	continue to work closely with the Northern Ireland	2016 NSMC.
	Executive to ensure that funding opportunities are	2010 NSIVIC.
	a billion euro will be available from EU sources	
	during the period 2016 to 2021.	
E1.5	The Irish Government will also continue to explore	
	capital investment in health projects and services	
	that benefit the border region.	
	A5 Western Transport Corridor Serving the North We	
F 2 2	the Irish Government reaffirms its existing	An initial meeting between officials with responsibility
E2.2		I for manufactor Manufactor (1997) 1997 (1997)
E2.2	commitment to providing funding of £50 million for	for roads in Northern Ireland and Ireland has taken
E2.2	commitment to providing funding of £50 million for this project. It will also commit an additional £25m to ensure that Phase 1 of the project can commence	for roads in Northern Ireland and Ireland has taken place. Previous agreements on how funding will be made available remain valid. A critical path schematic
E1.5	maximised under these EU programmes. Almost half a billion euro will be available from EU sources during the period 2016 to 2021. The Irish Government will also continue to explore capital investment in health projects and services that benefit the border region.	st

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	resolved by the Northern Ireland authorities. In	timelines to achieve the target commencement date.
	accordance with the revised project timeline, the	
	Irish Government funding will be provided in three	
	tranches of £25m in the years 2017, 2018 and 2019	
	respectively.	
E2.3	the Executive and the Irish Government have	
	agreed that construction on the first section of the	
	A5 will commence in 2017 with a view to	
	completion by 2019. The first section will be the	
	route between New Buildings (outside Derry-	
	Londonderry) to north of Strabane.	
	The Ulster Canal	
E3.3	The Executive and the Irish Government agree to	An initial discussion of a core group of officials North
	undertake a review with a view to identifying	and South took place on 9 December. A first meeting
	options for jointly developing future phases of the	of Executive/Irish Government officials took place on
	Ulster Canal restoration project, for consideration	13 January 2016. A report will be provided to the June
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	by the North South Ministerial Council in June 2016.	2016 NSMC.
E3.4	As part of the Mid Term Review of the Capital Plan,	
	the Irish Government will work also with the	
	Northern Ireland Executive to seek agreement on a	
	funding plan for the Atlantic Youth Trust initiative.	
	This proposal involves a new sail training vessel to	
	facilitate youth development, mentoring, and	
	training on an all-island basis.	
	Narrow Water Bridge	
E4.2	The Northern Ireland Executive and the Irish	An initial discussion of a core group of officials North
	Government agree to undertake a review of the	and South took place on 9 December. A first meeting
	project with a view to identifying options for its	of Executive/Irish Government officials took place on
	future development, for consideration by the North	13 January 2016. A report will be provided to the June
	South Ministerial Council in June 2016.	2016 NSMC.
	North West Development Fund	
E5.2	The Irish Government has agreed to provide funding	Contact between Irish Government and Executive
	of €2.5m to support the [NW Gateway] Initiative,	officials is underway on modalities for the provision of
	which will be complemented by matching funding	funding.
	from the Northern Ireland Executive.	Tanang.
	Next Steps	
E6.1		An initial discussion of a core group of officials North
E0.1	A group of senior officials from the Northern Ireland Executive and the Irish Government will meet	An initial discussion of a core group of officials North
		and South took place on 9 December. A first meeting
	regularly to maintain a strategic overview of	of Executive/Irish Government officials took place on
	economic and infrastructural investment, with	13 January 2016. A report will be provided to the June
	regard to the projects set out in this Section. They	2016 NSMC.
	will also consider opportunities for sourcing further	
	investment for all-island infrastructure projects for	
	mutual benefit, including through PPPs, EU funding	
	and other non-Exchequer sources.	
E6.2	Regular progress reports will be provided to the	The first report is due in June 2016
	North South Ministerial Council.	
F	IMPLEMENTATION OF OTHER ASPECTS OF THE SHA	
	Flags, Identity, Culture and Tradition	
F15	The advertisement and information pack to enable	Advertisements for the non-political members were
	the recruitment of the eight non-political members	placed on 17 December 2015. The closing date for
	of the Commission will be placed by OFMDFM in	applications is 15 January 2016. The First Minister and
	December 2015. Political nominations from the five	deputy First Minister have invited political
	largest parties will be invited during December. It is	nominations from the Alliance party, SDLP and UUP.
	planned to have the Commission established by	
	March 2016.	
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	Parades	
F16 Page 33	A discussion paper is currently being prepared for the Executive. The paper will outline options in relation to the model and operation of the regulation of parades and related protests and the key outstanding issues of contention such as code of conduct, criteria and accountability. OFMDFM will bring this paper to the Executive.	A draft Executive paper is being prepared for submission to and consideration by the First Minister and deputy First Minister.
	The Past	
F21- 55	There remains a need to resolve the outstanding issues and the UK Government and Irish Government will reflect on the options for a process to enable this.	A meeting between the Minister for Foreign Affairs and Trade and Secretary of State for Northern Ireland took place on 21 December to review possible options. Engagement is underway with victims groups and others, to discuss possible ways forward.
	Institutional Reform	
F56	A Bill to reduce the number of MLAs to five members per constituency will be introduced to the Assembly no later than the end of November 2015.	The Bill was introduced on 12 January 2016. Assembly agreement to accelerated passage to be sought on 25 January.
F57- 58	A Protocol governing the use of the Petition of Concern mechanism in the Assembly will be referred to the Speaker within a month [17 December] of the date of this Agreement.	On 10 December the First Minister and deputy First Minister wrote to party leaders involved in the talks process inviting them to become co-signatories of the Protocol on the Use of the Petition of Concern. UUP and SDLP have declined; a response is awaited from Alliance.
F59	A Statement of Proposed Entitlements for an Official Opposition will be introduced as part of the arrangements to enable those parties entitled to Executive ministerial positions but choose not to do so, to be recognised as an official opposition. The Speaker will be asked to arrange for the amendments to Standing Orders and relative administrative procedures.	COMPLETED: Following consultation with the Speaker, the First Minister and deputy First Minister agreed to table a motion in the Assembly to remit the Speaker to implement the provisions of the Statement of Proposed Entitlements.
F60	The Executive has [since] agreed the draft Departments Bill which will be introduced to the Assembly no later than the end of November 2015. There have been some amendments to the transfer of functions from OFMDFM and between departments. These will be reflected in the supporting Transfer of Functions Order which is currently being drafted.	The Bill was introduced to the Assembly on 30 November with Second Stage debate on 8 December. The Transfer of Functions Order has been drafted and circulated to the Executive in anticipation of a decision under Urgent Procedure.
F61	A Programme for Government framework adopting a more outcomes-based approach will be developed. Initial workshops will take place during the autumn with a view to having the framework prepared by the end of April 2016. The necessary changes to Westminster legislation will be brought forward as soon as there is a suitable legislative vehicle.	Initial workshops were held in December 2015 facilitated by Sir John Elvidge. A further workshop is planned for early February 2016. A draft clause has been developed for insertion into appropriate UK legislation.
F64	Assembly officials are also considering mechanisms to ensure that the Independent Financial Review Panel has all the necessary information to enhance the robustness and transparency of decision-making [relating to the system of Members' salaries and expenses]	The Independent Financial Review Panel is being provided with the necessary information. The Assembly Commission is also considering reforms to the legislation governing the work of the Panel to enhance the system for determining Members' pay, pensions and expenses.

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F65	Following the May 2016 Assembly elections the	Revision of consultation guidance is underway. On
	maximum consultation requirement on policy will	track for delivery.
	be eight weeks.	
F66	further areas of devolution and changes to	For future consideration.
	intergovernmental machineryThe UK Government	
	will consider any such proposals put forward by the	
	Executive.	
	Outstanding Commitments	·
F67	Compact Civic Advisory Panel - A panel of six people	Consideration is currently being given to identifying
	will be established by the Executive. It will be tasked	and appointing the panel members.
	by the Executive to consider specific strategic issues	
	relevant to the Programme for Government and	
	report to the Executive. It may also propose subjects	
	that it wishes to consider and seek Executive	
	agreement to do so. The Panel will seek the views of	
	a wide range of representatives and stakeholders	
	from civic society. Panel members, including the	
	Chair will be identified and appointed by OFMDFM.	
F71	At the NSMC Institutional meeting on 25 February	Derry and Strabane District Council and Donegal
	2015 it was agreed that a meeting would take place	County Council have jointly submitted their
	to consider strategic approaches for the	prospectus 'North West of the Island of Ireland – A
	development of the North West region. The meeting	Proposed Strategic Model for Regional Development
	date is to be confirmed.	and Growth – A Regional Prospectus' for Executive
		consideration and Ministerial endorsement. The date
		for a rescheduled Ministerial meeting has yet to be
		confirmed.
F72	The Executive will ensure full implementation of the	Existing delivery mechanisms are in place and work
	T:BUC strategy, and beyond that will commit to a	continues under the auspices of the Ministerial Panel
	continuing effort to eradicate sectarianism in all its	and Programme Board. In 2016-17 £12m has been
	forms.	allocated for Shared Future initiatives.
	STORMONT HOUSE AGREEMENT RESIDUAL COMMIT	MENTS
SHA		
	Additional Fiscal Devolution	Finance Minister is considering areas other than
14	Additional Fiscal Devolution The Executive is examining a range of taxesto	Finance Minister is considering areas other than Corporation Tax, which has been the key focus to
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SHA UK Finan cial Pack age	From the existing RRI allocation, further capital borrowing will be made available Up to an additional £350m to support important capital investment in projects to support economic growth. [£100m in 2015-16]; £100m in 2016-17; £100m in 2017-18; and £50m in 2018-19.	Economic projects have been incorporated into 2016-17 Budget.
age	£100111 111 2017-16, dilu £30111 111 2018-19.	
SHA Irish Govt	The Irish Government is fully committed to North South Cooperationwill continue to commit to substantial resources [estimated at €450m in the period 2015 to 202] to support agreed work programmes.	This is ongoing and on target.
SHA	The Irish Government will continue to support	COMPLETED: Irish Government Reconciliation Fund
Irish	measures to promote reconciliation, including	grants totalling €2.7 million disbursed in two tranches
Govt	through continued annual provision of €2.7m in the	during 2015.
	Reconciliation Fund.	
	REVIEW AND MONITORING	
SHA	progress in implementing the provisions of	Quarterly meetings on the Stormont House
74 &	this Agreement must be actively reviewed and	Agreement took place on 30 January, 27 March, and
75	monitored. Review meetings will include	25 June. An extraordinary meeting was held on 2 June.
75	Executive party leaders as well as the UK	The first six-monthly update published on 25 June.
75	Executive party leaders as well as the UK Government and Irish Government supported	The first six-monthly update published on 25 June.
75	Executive party leaders as well as the UK Government and Irish Government supported by the NICS and, as appropriate, officials of the	The first six-monthly update published on 25 June. A Fresh Start, The Stormont Agreement and
75	Executive party leaders as well as the UK Government and Irish Government supported by the NICS and, as appropriate, officials of the UK and Irish Governments. There will be	The first six-monthly update published on 25 June. A Fresh Start, The Stormont Agreement and Implementation Plan was published on 17 November
75	Executive party leaders as well as the UK Government and Irish Government supported by the NICS and, as appropriate, officials of the UK and Irish Governments. There will be quarterly meetings, convened by the UK	The first six-monthly update published on 25 June. A Fresh Start, The Stormont Agreement and
75	Executive party leaders as well as the UK Government and Irish Government supported by the NICS and, as appropriate, officials of the UK and Irish Governments. There will be quarterly meetings, convened by the UK Government and Irish Government, with the	The first six-monthly update published on 25 June. A Fresh Start, The Stormont Agreement and Implementation Plan was published on 17 November 2015.
75	Executive party leaders as well as the UK Government and Irish Government supported by the NICS and, as appropriate, officials of the UK and Irish Governments. There will be quarterly meetings, convened by the UK Government and Irish Government, with the first meeting before the end of January 2015 at	The first six-monthly update published on 25 June. A Fresh Start, The Stormont Agreement and Implementation Plan was published on 17 November 2015. The Quarterly Review meetings will continue to be
75	Executive party leaders as well as the UK Government and Irish Government supported by the NICS and, as appropriate, officials of the UK and Irish Governments. There will be quarterly meetings, convened by the UK Government and Irish Government, with the first meeting before the end of January 2015 at which an implementation timetable will be	The first six-monthly update published on 25 June. A Fresh Start, The Stormont Agreement and Implementation Plan was published on 17 November 2015. The Quarterly Review meetings will continue to be held to support the implementation of the Fresh Start
75	Executive party leaders as well as the UK Government and Irish Government supported by the NICS and, as appropriate, officials of the UK and Irish Governments. There will be quarterly meetings, convened by the UK Government and Irish Government, with the first meeting before the end of January 2015 at which an implementation timetable will be agreed.	The first six-monthly update published on 25 June. A Fresh Start, The Stormont Agreement and Implementation Plan was published on 17 November 2015. The Quarterly Review meetings will continue to be held to support the implementation of the Fresh Start and Stormont House Agreements. The first meeting to
75	Executive party leaders as well as the UK Government and Irish Government supported by the NICS and, as appropriate, officials of the UK and Irish Governments. There will be quarterly meetings, convened by the UK Government and Irish Government, with the first meeting before the end of January 2015 at which an implementation timetable will be	The first six-monthly update published on 25 June. A Fresh Start, The Stormont Agreement and Implementation Plan was published on 17 November 2015. The Quarterly Review meetings will continue to be held to support the implementation of the Fresh Start